

# Mathematics Challenge

GRADE 5 FINAL ROUND  
14 OCTOBER 2003

**NOTE:**

- Answer the questions according to the instructions on the answer sheet.
- You may use a calculator.
- The questions test insight. Complex calculations will therefore not be necessary.
- We hope you enjoy it!

# Wiskunde-uitdaging

GRAAD 5 FINALE RONDE  
14 OKTOBER 2003

**LET OP:**

- Beantwoord die vrae volgens die instruksies op die antwoordblad.
- Jy mag 'n sakrekenaar gebruik.
- Die vrae toets insig. Omslagtige berekening is dus onnodig en tydrowend.
- Ons hoop jy geniet dit!

1. At the 2003 World Championships, Hestrie Cloete improved the women's African high-jump record by 1 cm to 2,06 m. What was the old record?

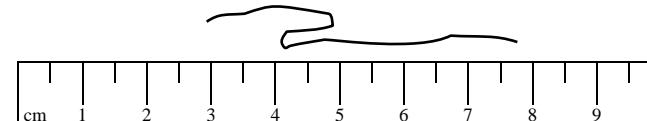


- (A) 1,06 m      (B) 1,96 m

2. If the string in the diagram is pulled straight, which of the following is closest to its length?

1. By die 2003 Wêreldkampioenskappe het Hestrie Cloete die vroue hoogspringrekord met 1 cm na 2,06 m verbeter. Wat was die ou rekord?

- (C) 2,05 m      (D) 2,059 m
2. As die tou in die diagram reguit getrek word, watter een van die volgende is die naaste aan sy lengte?



- (A) 12 cm      (B) 5 cm

- (C) 6 cm      (D) 7 cm

- (E) 8 cm



Western Cape  
Wes-Kaap  
Ntshona-Koloni

In cooperation with the  
**Western Cape Education Department**  
**Gauteng Education Department**

# Umceli-mnjeni Ngezibalo

GRADE 5 UMJIKELO WOKUGQIBELA  
14 OKTHOBHA 2003

**QAPHELA:**

- Phendula imibuzo ngokwemigaqo ekwiphepha olinikiweyo
- Ungayisebenzisa i-Calculator
- Imibuzo ivavanya ukuqonda kwakho. Izibalo ezide, ezixhakaxhaka aziyomfuneko.
- Siyathemba uyakulonwabela!

1. Kwidlalo yamazwe ehlabathi yama 2003, U Hestrie Cloete wathi waliphucula nge 1 cm ukuya kwi 2,06m irekhodi lokutsiba lamanenekazi aseAfrika. Ingaba irekhodi endala yayisithini?

2. Ukuba lentanjana ikulo mzobo inokuthi yolulwe, ingaha ngowuphi kule milinganiso ilandelayo ongowona usondeleyo ngobude?

## Nasou Via Afrika



CASIO

RUMEUS

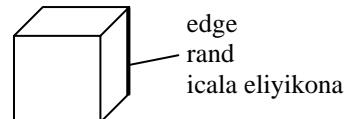
Research Unit for Mathematics Education  
of the University of Stellenbosch

3. This picture shows a cube with one edge marked. How many edges does the cube have altogether?

(A) 4

(B) 6

3. Hierdie prentjie wys 'n kubus waarvan een rand gemerk is. Hoeveel rande het 'n kubus altesaam?



(C) 8

(D) 9

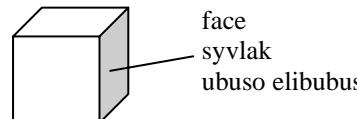
(E) 12

4. This picture shows a cube with one face marked. How many faces does the cube have altogether?

(A) 4

(B) 6

4. Hierdie prentjie wys 'n kubus waarvan een syvlak gemerk is. Hoeveel syvlakke het 'n kubus altesaam?



(C) 8

(D) 9

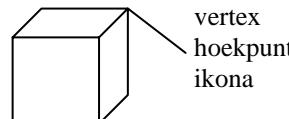
(E) 12

5. This picture shows a cube with one vertex marked. How many vertices does the cube have altogether?

(A) 4

(B) 6

5. Hierdie prentjie wys 'n kubus waarvan een hoekpunt gemerk is. Hoeveel hoekpunte het 'n kubus altesaam?



(C) 8

(D) 9

(E) 12

6. Mandy bought 10 postcards at 95c each, and 10 stamps at R1,20 each. How much change did she get from R40?

(A) R18,50

(B) R17,50

6. Mandy koop 10 poskaarte teen 95c elk en 10 seëls teen R1,20 elk. Hoeveel kleingeld kry sy as sy met R40 betaal?

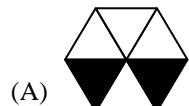
(C) R21,50

(D) R19,50

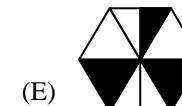
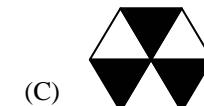
6. U Mandy wathenga amakhadi eposi ngama 95c liliyne, kunye nezitampu ezili 10 nge R1,20 sisinye. Wabuyelwa yimalini ukuba wahluwula ama R40?

(E) R20,50

7. Jasper drops a stone on each of these targets. Which target has the best chance that the stone will land on a shaded area?



7. Jasper laat val 'n klip op elkeen van die teikens. Op watter teiken is die kans die grootste om op 'n gekleurde deel te land?

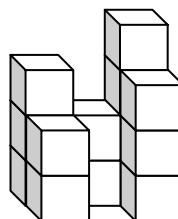


7. U Jasper uthe wagibiselela ilitye kumzobo ngamnye kule. Ngowuphi ongowona mzobo ungcono anokuthi agibiselele kuwo aze achana indawo eyenziwe mnyama?

8. How many blocks did Freddie use to build this figure?

(A) 9

(B) 11



(C) 12

(D) 14

(E) 15

9. For his party, Justin bought a Super-Duper Pizza and cut it into 24 equal pieces. At the party, Mary ate  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the pizza, Veronica ate  $\frac{1}{4}$  of it, and Ron ate  $\frac{1}{3}$  of it. Justin ate the rest. How many pieces did Justin eat?

(A) 4

(B) 6

(C) 8

(D) 2

10. In a certain school there are 5 boys for every 6 girls. If there are 150 girls, how many boys are there in the school?

(A) 125

(B) 120

10. In 'n sekere skool is daar 5 seuns vir elke 6 meisies. As daar 150 meisies is, hoeveel seuns is daar in die skool?

(C) 180

(D) 30

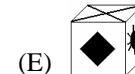
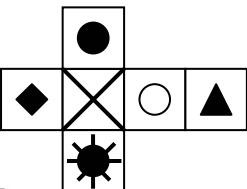
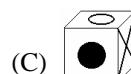
10. Kwisikolo esithile kumantombazana ama 6 kukho amakhwenkwe ama 5. Ukuba amantombazana ali 150 mangaphi amakhwenkwe?

(E) 250

11. Which of these cubes *cannot* be folded from this net?



11. Watter kubus kan *nie* gevou word uit hierdie net nie?



11. Zeziphi kwezi tyhubhu *ezingenakho* ukugotywa xa kusetyenziswe le nethi?

8. Hoeveel blokkies het Freddie gebruik om hierdie vorm te bou?

8. Zingapi iibhokisi ezisetyenziswe ngu-Freddie ukwakha esi sakhiwo?

None of these  
(E) Nie een hiervan nie  
Ayiko kwezi

12. Two triangles, with given side lengths, are shown. To paint triangle A you need 4 ml of paint. How many millilitres of paint do you need to paint triangle B?

(A) 12

(B) 18

13. On the number line, point P (not shown) is located 5 units from point N and 2 units from point M. Where is point P located?

- (A) To the left of O
- (B) Between O and L
- (C) Between L and M
- (D) Between M and N
- (E) To the right of N

14. There is a third of a litre of milk left over. Markus drinks half of that. How many litres of milk is now left over?

(A)  $\frac{1}{6}$ (B)  $\frac{2}{5}$ 

15. A light flashes every six minutes and a bell rings every eight minutes. If the light flashes as the bell rings, after how many minutes will this happen again at the same time?

(A) 14

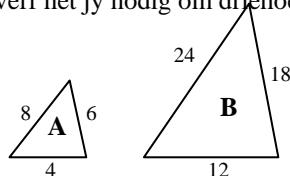
(B) 48

16. The first odd number is 1, the second is 3, the third is 5. What is the hundredth odd number?

(A) 99

(B) 101

12. Die skets toon twee driehoede met hul sylengtes. Om driehoek A te verf het jy 4 ml verf nodig. Hoeveel milliliter verf het jy nodig om driehoek B te verf?

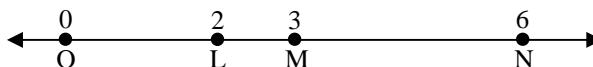


(C) 24

(D) 36

(E) 48

13. Op die getallelyn is punt P (nie gewys nie) 5 eenhede vanaf punt N en 2 eenhede vanaf punt M. Waar lê punt P?



- (A) Links van O
- (B) Tussen O en L
- (C) Tussen L en M
- (D) Tussen M en N
- (E) Regs van N

14. Daar is 'n derde van 'n liter melk oor. Markus drink helfte daarvan. Hoeveel liter melk bly nou oor?

(C)  $\frac{1}{5}$ (D)  $\frac{1}{3}$ (E)  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

15. 'n Lig flits elke 6 minute en 'n klokkie lui elke 8 minute. As die lig flits terwyl die klokkie gelyktydig lui, na hoeveel minute sal dit weer gelyktydig gebeur?

(C) 12

(D) 24

(E) 36

16. Die eerste onewe getal is 1, die tweede is 3 en die derde is 5. Wat is die honderdste onewe getal?

(C) 199

(D) 201

(E) 299

12. Oonxantathu ababini, ekuboniswe ubude bamacala abo, bazotyiwe. Ukuze ukwazi ukupeyinta unxantathu A udinga isi 4 ml zepeyinti. Ingaba zingaphi ii mililitha zepeyinta ezidingekayo ukuze ukwazi ukupeyinta unxantathu B?

13. Kulo mgca manani, ichokoza u P (elingaboniswanga) libekwe lakumgama oyimilanganiso emi 5 ukusuka kwichokoza u N laza layimilanganiso emi 2 ukusuka kwichokoza u M. Ingaba ichokoza u P libekwe kweyiph indawo?

- (A) Ngasekhohlo kwechokoza u O
- (B) Ngaphakathi kwamachokoza u O no L
- (C) Ngaphakathi kwamachokoza u L no M
- (D) Ngaphakathi kwamachokoza u M no N
- (E) Ngasekunene kwechokoza u N

14. Kukho isinye kwisithathu selitha yobisi oluseleyo. U Markus wathi wasela isiqingatha solu bisi luseleyo. Ziingaphi iilitha zobisi oluseleyo ngoku?

15. Isibane sithi sikhanye rhoqo emva kwemizuz emithandathu ize intsimbi yona ikhale rhoqo emva kwemizuzu esibhozo. Ukuba isibane sithi sikhanye xa intsimbi ikhalayo, kuyakudlula imizuzu emingaphi ukuze lonto iphinde yenzeke kwakhona?

16. Inani lokuqala elingumnqakathi sisi 1, elesibini sisi 3, esithathu sisi 5. Elekhulu inani elingumnqakathi lingubani?

17. What do you have to do to the number in column A to get the number next to it in column B?

- (A) Add 8 to the number in column A
- (B) Subtract 8 from the number in column A
- (C) Multiply the number in column A by 5
- (D) Divide the number in column A by 5
- (E) None of these

18. Three different numbers are written on cards. The sum of the first and the second is 15 and the sum of the second and third is 17. No card is a 7, or more than 9. What number is written on the third card?

(A) 6

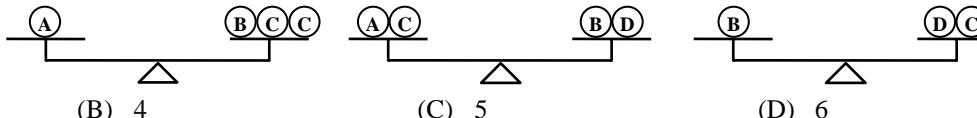
(B) 7

(C) 8

(D) 9

(E) 5

19. How many ‘C’ balls does it take to balance one ‘A’ ball?



(A) 3

(B) 4

(C) 5

(D) 6

(E) 7

20. When my mother was 40, I was 16. Now she is twice as old as I am. How old am I?

(A) 16

(B) 32

(C) 48

(D) 24

(E) 20

21. The sum of the three digits of a three-digit number is 25. How many such three-digit numbers are there?

(A) 2

(B) 4

(C) 6

(D) 8

(E) 10

17. Wat moet jy met die getal in kolom A maak om die getal langs hom in kolom B te kry?

A	B
10	2
15	3
25	5
50	10

- (A) Tel 8 by die getal in kolom A
- (B) Trek 8 af van die getal in kolom A
- (C) Vermenigvuldig die getal in kolom A met 5
- (D) Deel die getal in kolom A deur 5
- (E) Nie een hiervan nie

17. Kufuneka wenze ntoni kwinani elikuluhlu A ukuze ufumane unani elikuluhlu B?

- (A) Dibanisa isi 8 kwinani elikuluhlu A
- (B) Thabatha isi 8 kwinanai elikuluhlu A
- (C) Phindaphinda inani elikuluhlu A ngesi 5
- (D) Yohlula inani elikuluhlu A ngesi 5
- (E) Ayikho kwezi

18. Drie verskillende getalle word op kaarte geskryf. Die som van die eerste en die tweede is 15 en die som van die tweede en die derde is 17. Geen kaart is 'n 7 of meer as 9 nie. Watter getal is op die derde kaart?

18. Amanani amathathu ahlu kileyo abhalwe emakhadini abekwe elinye ecaleni kwelinye. Elokuqala nelesithathu akhupha 15 xa edityaniswa. Elesibini nelesithathu akhupha i 17 xa edityaniswa. Alikho kula manani elisisi 7 okanye elingaphezu kwesi 9. Leliphi inani elibhalwe kwikhadi lesithathu?

(C) 8

(D) 9

(E) 5

19. Hoeveel ‘C’-balle is nodig om een ‘A’-bal te balanseer?

19. Ngokwakulo mzobo ziengaphi iibhola ezichazwe ‘C’ ezinokuba nomlinganiselo ofanayo nowebhola enye echazwe ‘A’?

20. Toe my ma 40 was, was ek 16. Nou is sy twee keer so oud soos ek. Hoe oud is ek?

20. Xa umama wam wayeneminyaka engama 40 ndandineminyaka eli 16. Ngoku iminyaka yakhe iyiphinda kabini eyam iminyaka. Ndimdala kangakanani?

21. Die som van die drie syfers van 'n driesyfergetal is 25. Hoeveel sulke driesyfergetalle is daar?

21. Ii dijithi zenani eline dijithi ezintathu ziba ngama 25 xa zidityanisiwe. Mangaphi amanani anjalo ane dijithi ezintathu anokwenzeka?

22. Here is a subtraction problem, but the problem is missing:

$$\begin{array}{r} ?? \\ - ?? \\ \hline 63 \end{array}$$

How many different two-digit subtraction problems could have the answer 63?

(A) 15

(B) 20

23. In a class of 50 children there are boys and girls who are 10 or 11 years old. Fourteen are 10-year-old girls, 31 are boys and 18 are 11 years old. How many are 11-year-old boys?

(A) 13

(B) 14

24. Sipho builds a sequence of triangular patterns with matches as shown. In  $T_1$  there is one triangle and in  $T_2$  there are four triangles. How many triangles will there be in  $T_{10}$ ?

(A) 30

(B) 60

25. In question 24,  $T_1$  has three matches and  $T_2$  has 9 matches. How many matches does Sipho need to build pattern  $T_{10}$ ?

(A) 150

(B) 180

22. Hier is 'n aftrek-probleem, maar die probleem is uitgelaat:

$$\begin{array}{r} ?? \\ - ?? \\ \hline 63 \end{array}$$

Hoeveel verskillende twee-syfer aftrek-probleme kan die antwoord 63 hê?

(C) 25

(D) 26

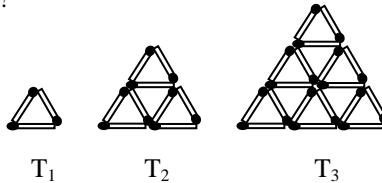
23. In 'n klas van 50 kinders is daar meisies en seuns wat of 10 of 11 jaar oud is. Veertien is 10-jarige meisies, 31 is seuns en 18 is 11 jaar oud. Hoeveel is 11-jarige seuns?

(C) 31

(D) 5

(E) 27

24. Sipho bou 'n ry driehoekpatrone met vuurhoutjies soos hieronder. In  $T_1$  is daar een driehoek en in  $T_2$  is daar vier driehoekte. Hoeveel driehoekte is daar in  $T_{10}$ ?

(T<sub>1</sub>)(T<sub>2</sub>)(T<sub>3</sub>)

(C) 121

(D) 120

(E) 100

25. In vraag 24:  $T_1$  het drie vuurhoutjies en  $T_2$  het 9 vuurhoutjies. Hoeveel vuurhoutjies het Sipho nodig om  $T_{10}$  te bou?

(C) 135

(D) 165

22. Nasi isibalo sokuthabatha, kodwa amanani aso akabonakali:

$$\begin{array}{r} ?? \\ - ?? \\ \hline 63 \end{array}$$

Zingaphi izibalo zokuthabatha ezisebenzisa amanani ane dijithi ezimbini ezinokuba nesiphumo sama 63?

23. Kwiklasi yabantwana abangama 50 kukho amakhwenkwe namantombozana aneminyaka eli 10 okanye eli 11 ubudala. Abali 14 ngamantombaza aneminyaka eli 10 ubudala, abangama 31 ngamakhwenkwe baze abali 18 babe neminyaka eli 11 ubudala. Mangaphi amakhwenkwe aneminyaka eli 11 ubudala?

(E) 18

24. U Sipho wathi wokha imizobo yonxantathu esebeenzisa imicinga njengokuba kubonisiwe. Kumzobo  $T_1$  kukho unxantathu omnye kuze kumzobo  $T_2$  kubekho oonxantathu abane. Ingaba kuyakubakho oonxantathu abangaphi kumzobo  $T_{10}$ ?

25. Kumbuzo wama 24, umzobo  $T_1$  umenicingga emithathu uze umzobo  $T_2$  ube nemicinga eli 9. Mingaphi imicinga ayidingayo u Sipho ukuze akwazi ukokha umzobo  $T_{10}$ ?

(E) 300